Austin CTO Summit 2019

I Don't Read Books

Guiding Principles for Building a Leadership Style

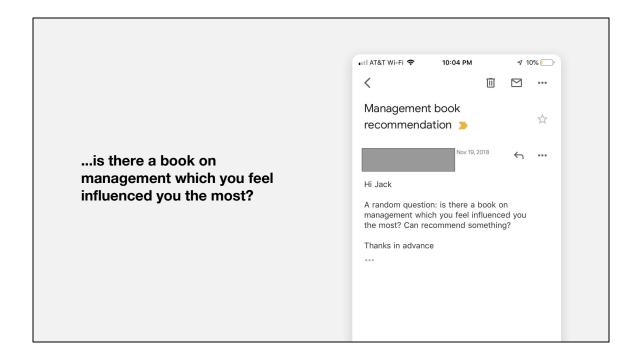
Jack Humphrey

VP Engineering, Indeed
@youknowjack | http://jackhumphrey.me

Hi there. I'm Jack, and I am here to talk about how I've developed guiding principles for building my leadership style. Also, "I Don't Read Books."



Wait, what? I don't read books? Why would I stand up here and admit that?



It all started with an email I got in November from a manager I add been working with.

This manager asked, "is there a book on management which you feel influenced you the most? Can recommend something?"

You'd think that, in all the years I've been coaching engineering managers, I would have gotten this before. But I'm not sure I had. And I was pretty taken aback.



...because I had to decide whether or not to admit the truth -- that I didn't have an answer for this question. **There was no book that influenced me the most**.

I have some books on management and leadership, and started quite a few more, but that wasn't really how I developed as a leader.



So I decided to be honest. I started writing a response saying, that no book had influenced me as much as people had — my mentors, role models, and colleagues.

I went on to explain how I tend to process the key ideas from leadership books through my own intuitive understanding.



12 examples of techniques in my leadership toolkit, e.g.

"Focus on removing roadblocks"

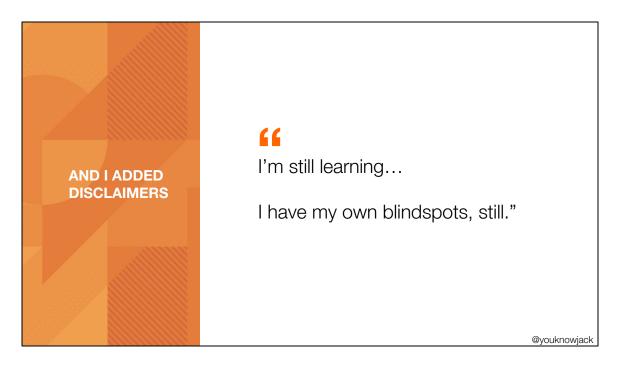
"Ask questions: prefer a question to a statement"

@youknowjack

And I started listing techniques I had added to my leadership toolkit over the years. Techniques I had picked up mostly from coaches, role models, and the occasional book.

I stopped making the list after the first 12 that came to mind.

They were pretty straightforward things like, "focus on removing roadblocks" and "ask questions". Things that are easy to say, but hard to do sometimes.



And then I added some disclaimers.

Then I recommended some reading.



Full response: jackhumphrey me/leac

And after all that, I actually recommended a couple of things to read.



I referenced Google's writings about their manager research, which is available at rework.withgoogle.com, and the writing that Camile Fournier has done on navigating the journey from engineer to technical manager, in a book called The Manager's Path.

How did I build my leadership style?

As I reflected on my response, I started thinking about the underlying principles that came through in these tidbits of managerial wisdom, and how my own intuition and core values have guided me.

And I wondered, would anybody be interested in listening to me talk about this way of building a leadership style?

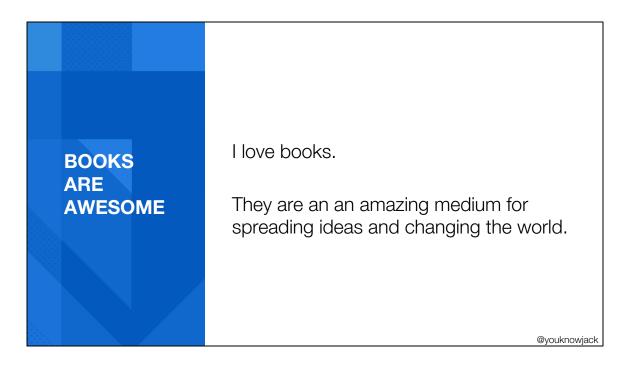


For the last 10 years, I've been at Indeed years, where I've had the opportunity to coach a number of talented colleagues as they've moved into leadership. I'm proud of the leadership culture we've developed over that time.

Disclaimers (not apologies)

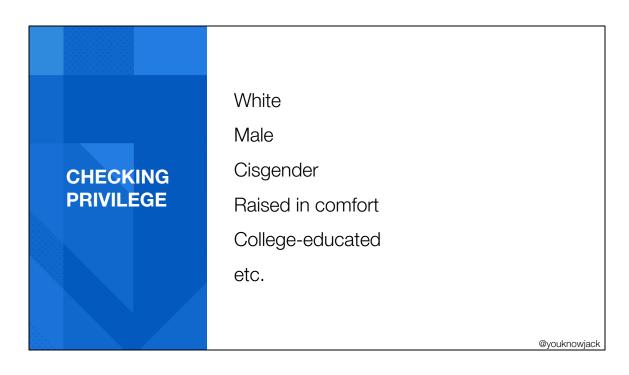
Before I go on, I want to offer a few disclaimers. These are not apologies, because I've been taught that you should never start a talk with apologies.

If you think they are unnecessary, I'm sorry.;)



I called this talk "I Don't Read Books" — but really, I love books. Books are an incredible medium for spreading ideas and inspiring the world.

They just aren't the tool I used most to develop as a leader.



Let me also check my privilege. I'm here sharing about my experience, so I want to acknowledge all the privileges that have been on my side in life.

I'm white, I'm cisgender male, I was raised in an environment of abundance, and I got to go to college. To name a few.

I bring these up to acknowledge that I haven't had to face many challenges that others have to overcome in their leadership journeys. I'm here to share the principles that guide me.

You should define your own.

Why should you?

There are many ways to be a good leader.

Some aspects of leadership come naturally to you.

Others require work.

Why does this matter? Because there are many ways to be a good leader. It's not one size fits all.

Even if you have a really strong idea of the leader you want to be -- some things will come naturally, and some things won't.

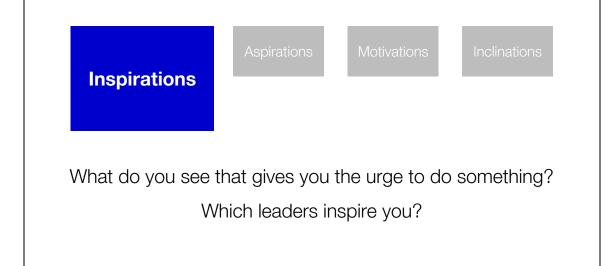
To define your own guiding principles, first try to understand yourself.

In order to define your principles, and know where you'll have to put in the work, you need to understand yourself.



Here's a framework that might help you do that. I suggest you consider your inspirations, your aspirations, your motivations, and your inclinations.

I think this is a really good framework, because, you know, it rhymes.



My Inspirations Aspirations

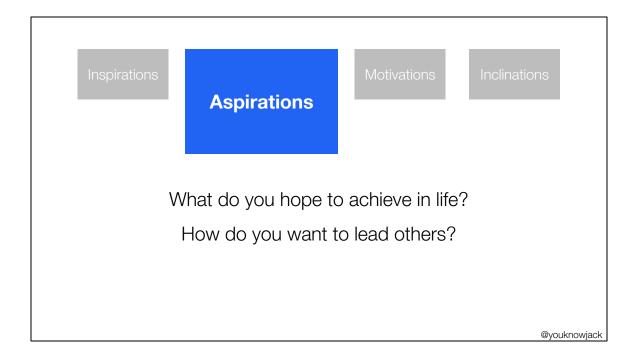
Motivations

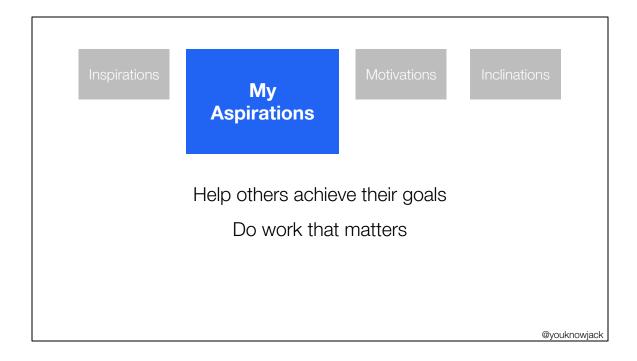
Inclinations

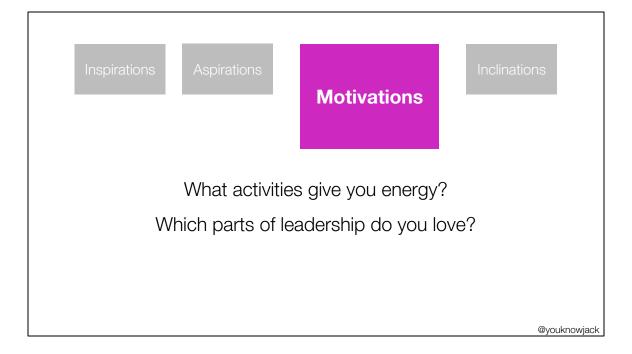
People solving difficult problems in novel ways

People creating things that elevate us

Leaders who are authentic, humble, and passionate





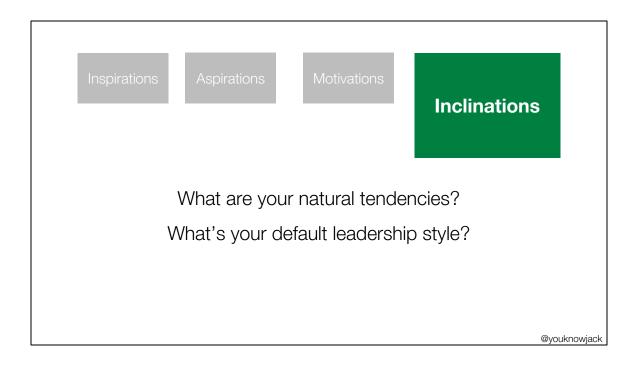


Inspirations

Aspirations

My Motivations Inclinations

Working together to accomplish a shared goal
Helping other people grow and succeed
Receiving recognition from others



Your inclinations can either help or hinder you.

Inspirations

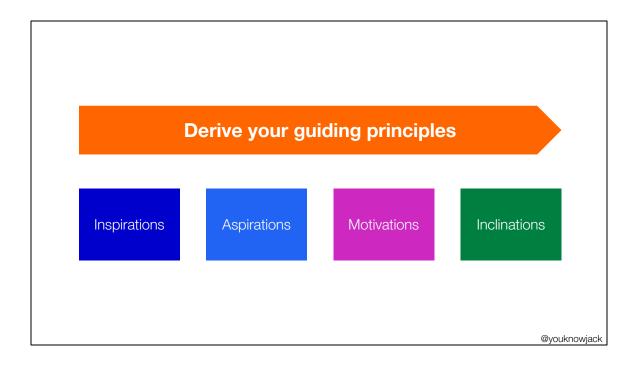
Aspirations

Motivations

My Inclinations

Solve problems

Learn about people and what makes them tick
Rarely open up or ask for help
"Hope for the best, expect the worst"



Use your inspirations, aspirations, motivations, and inclinations to think about the kind of leadership you want to be and can be. From there, you'll start to see clearly the values you want to apply, and you should write them down.



Don't Go It Solo



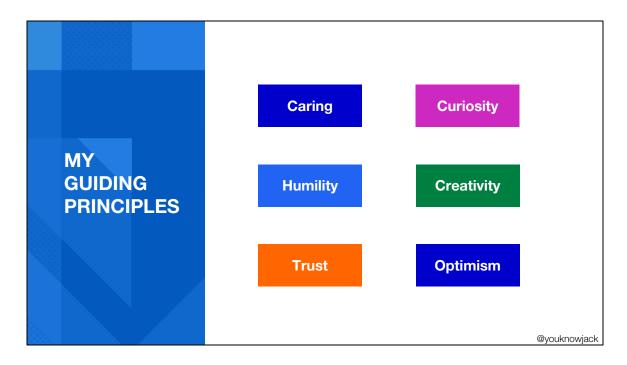
...you then need someone who helps you dig into which of the things you believe about yourself are really true, and which are stories you're telling yourself."

Camille Fournier

Managing Director, Two Sigma Former CTO, Rent The Runway "I hate manager READMEs" (Medium, 11/21/2018)

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But here's some recent wisdom from Camille Fournier, writing on Medium. You can do analyze yourself, but it may not be enough. She says, "you then need someone who helps you dig into which of the things you believe about yourself are really true, and which are stories you're telling yourself." It's a great idea to work with a coach to do this digging, ideally someone you don't report to.



Here are some of my top guiding principles: Caring, Humility, Trust, Curiosity, Creativity, and Optimism.

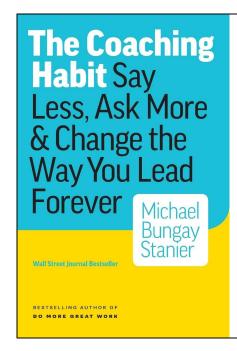
I use these principles to guide me.

How will a new technique help me live those principles?

Once you've written them down, think about which ones will be easy, because they line up with your conscious aspirations, your motivations, and the inclinations that the skills that come naturally to you. And think about the ones that will be hard, because maybe they don't come naturally.

Bring these principles with you as consciously as possible to your work. And as you hear or read advice, or see others model behaviors you could emulate, compare them to those values. Embrace the behaviors and techniques that match, disregard the others.

Sometimes this will feel like intuition, and sometimes it might need to be a more objective evaluation -- how will following this advice support your guiding principles?



Asking More Questions



If this were a haiku rather than a book, it would read:

Tell less and ask more. Your advice is not as good As you think it is."

Michael Bungay Stanier

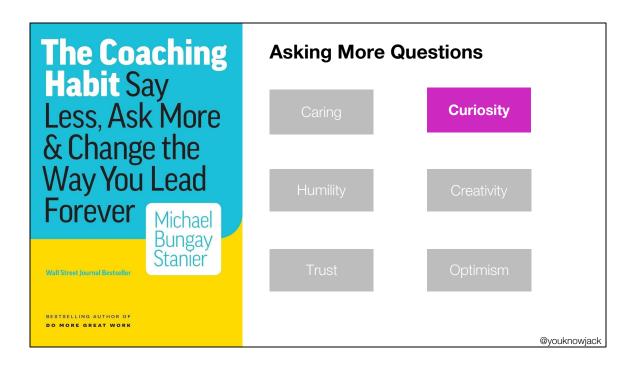
The Coaching Habit (2016), p. 59

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Take the key point of this book, The Coaching Habit, by Michael B. Stanier.

He summarizes it in this haiku: "Tell less and ask more. / Your advice is not as good / As you think it is."

I really like Stanier's advice. It fits well with most of my principles. Let's look at a few.



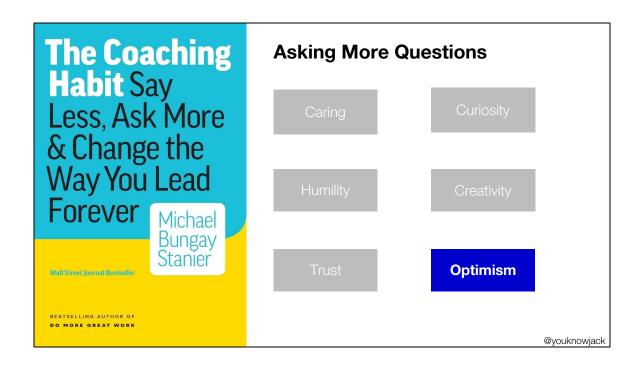
Curiosity: What is the other person thinking? How do they see the situation?



Humility: Acknowledging implicitly that you don't have all the answers.



Trust: Showing you trust them to think through things and find good solutions. And having them trust you enough to answer honestly and openly.



Optimism: Believing that a guided two-way dialog will produce better results; that people can surprise you and rise to new levels you might not expect.

That's one example. I've found that by bringing these values into my own evolving approaches to management and leadership, I've found my way into many of the techniques that I later see people writing about.



Inspiring Leadership

Some time ~2006, in the Googleplex 1st project review with Jeff Huber He already knew everything. He asked really helpful questions.

Jeff Huber Founding CEO & Vice Chairman of GRAIL Formerly Senior VP of Google Ads, Apps, Maps

@youknowjack

As another example that's more about a role model than advice, I had the opportunity to work (indirectly) for Jeff Huber when I was an engineering manager at Google. The first time I went in for a status review of my projects with Jeff, I was blown away by how much context he had for our projects (he was responsible at the time for dozens if not hundreds) and what good, helpful questions he asked.

What Jeff was showing in that meeting resonated with me.



Caring: Jeff showed me he cared about what my teams were working on and how it connected to a broader mission.



Humility: By asking questions instead of stating opinions or giving advice, he showed that he did not believe he knew better than the teams how to accomplish our goals.



Trust: Realizing that he knew so much about our projects but had given us complete autonomy made me feel trusted.

I remember walking out of that meeting and thinking, that's the kind of leader I want to be. It was a powerful moment in my career.



Repeat it 'til you're sick of it

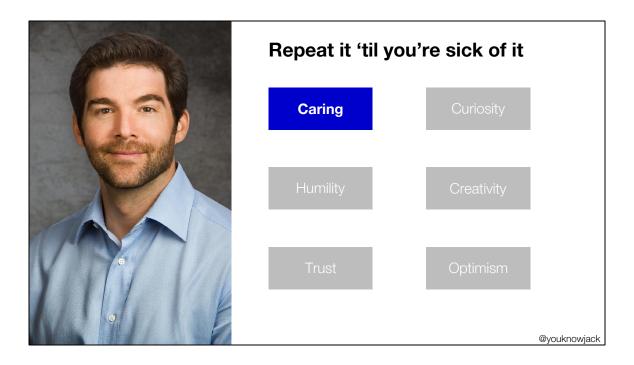
In order to effectively communicate to an audience, you need to repeat yourself so often that you grow sick of hearing yourself say it, and only then will people begin to internalize the message."

Jeff Weiner
CEO, LinkedIn
"Just Because You Said it, Doesn't Make it So" (2014)

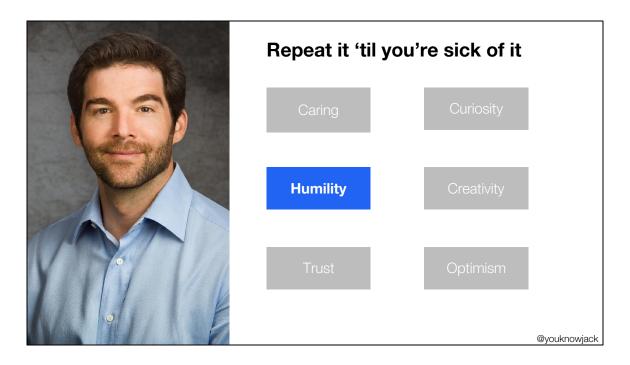
@youknowjack

As an example of something I've learned or changed recently: A few years back, Jeff Weiner wrote about really valuable advice a colleague gave him about the need to repeat your message. Jeff's post reached me before this was an issue, and I filed it away. Later, as I struggled with why people in a large group in a growing company didn't seem to be understanding things I thought were clear, I realized the value of this advice.

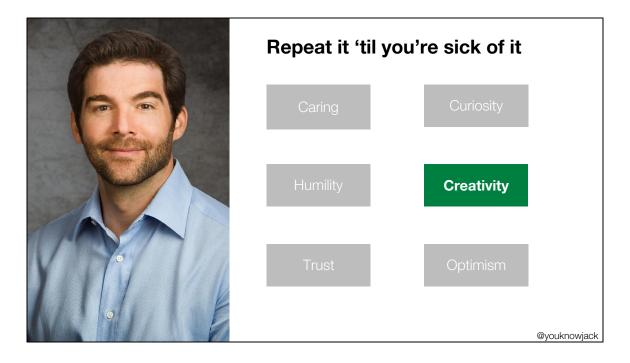
Which is basically, repeat yourself until you're sick of saying it. And then repeat yourself some more. To reinforce Indeed's culture, or explain a new strategic direction, I have to talk about it a lot.



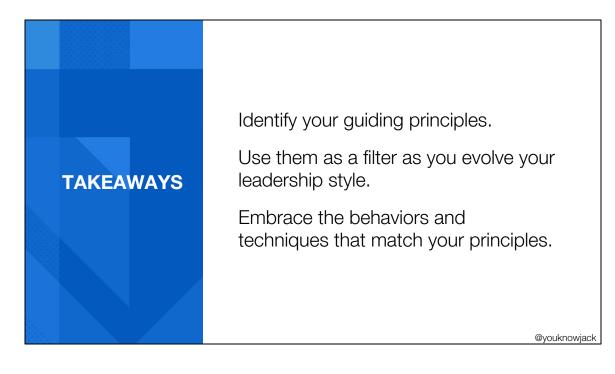
Caring: If you care about the people you're trying to reach, you'll be motivated to put the required effort in.



Humility: Recognizing that regardless of your title or position, not everybody is tightly tuned in and hanging on your every word.



There's also an opportunity for creativity. How can you capture people's attention, and how can you keep it interesting for yourself.



Think about your guiding principles. Or help people you coach think about theirs.

These principles are important as you evolve as a leader.

You can embrace the leadership techniques that match your principles, and ignore the ones don't.